Erratum: Correction of Figure. Influence of Gas Pain, Post-operative Resilience, and Body Temperature Discomfort in Laparoscopic Myomectomy Patients after Thermotherapy

JeongAe Lee,1 MyoungHwa Jeon,2 EunJu Park,3 JinAh Lee,1 GonMyoung Ahn,1 SeungShin Lee,3 JiIn Kim4

1Unit Manager, CHA Gagnam Medical Center, Seoul, Korea
2Team Manager, CHA Gagnam Medical Center, Seoul, Korea
3Director of Nursing, CHA Bundang Medical Center, Bundang, Korea
4Professor, Department of Nursing, Daegu Health College, Daegu, Korea

We found a language error in our published article. We replace the Figure 1 as shown below. We apologize for any inconvenience that this may have caused.

https://doi.org/10.4069/kjwhn.2019.25.1.4

This corrects the article “Influence of Gas Pain, Post-operative Resilience, and Body Temperature Discomfort in Laparoscopic Myomectomy Patients after Thermotherapy” in volume 25 on page 4.
After surgery, return to general ward

4 hours after surgery
Pretest: gas pain assessment (NRS)

Experimental group

4 hours after surgery
- Body temperature measurement (≤ 38°C)
- Warm pack application: 40–45°C, for 20 minutes
  (if necessary, additional application)
- General post-operative nursing care

Control group

General post-operative nursing care

8 hours after surgery
Posttest 1: gas pain assessment (NRS)
Evaluation of thermal discomfort (TCI/VAS)

24 hours after surgery
Posttest 2: gas pain assessment (NRS)
Evaluation of resilience after surgery (QoR-40)

48 hours after surgery
Posttest 3: gas pain assessment (NRS)

72 hours after surgery
Posttest 4: gas pain assessment (NRS)

Finish experiment

---

Figure 1. Flow diagram of research process.
NRS=Numeric Rating Scale; TCI=thermal comfort inventory; VAS=visual analogue scale; QoR-40=Quality of Recovery 40.